

Smart Contract Security Audit V1

Transparent Proxy Smart Contract Audit

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Background

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

Project Information

- **Platform:** Binance Smart Chain
- **Name:** TransparentProxy
- **Language :** Solidity
- **Contract Address:** Not deploy yet
- **Code Source:** <https://github.com/TerraDharitri/drt-pREWA/tree/main/contracts>

WHAT IS TRANSPARENTPROXY?

A custom smart contract extending OpenZeppelin's `TransparentProxy` with Enhanced Admin Controls for managing proxy logic and admin roles.

WHAT IS TRANSPARENTPROXY?

A custom smart contract extending OpenZeppelin's `TransparentUpgradableProxy`. Implements the `IProxy` interface for managing proxy logic and admin roles.



KEY FEATURES



Upgradeability

Supports upgrading to new implementation contracts with or without initialization data.



Admin Control

Admin-only functions to view/change implementation and admin addresses.



Safety Checks

Validates logic and admin addresses to prevent zero addresses or non-contracts.

CORE FUNCTIONS



`implementa()`



`admin()`



`changeAdmin(newAdmin)`



`upgradeTo(newImplementation)`



`upgradeToAndCalldata(newImplementation, data)`



`getAdminInfo()`

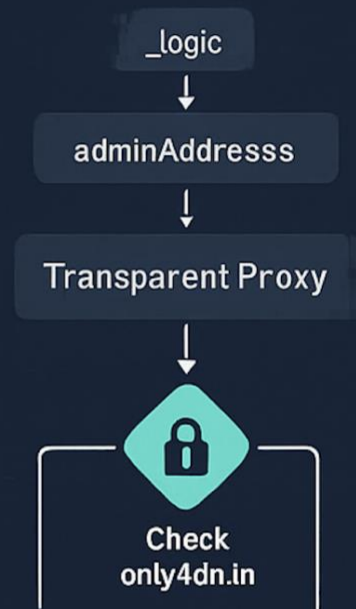


`getAdminInfoImplementation()`

All functions require msg.sender to be the admin

CONSTRUCTOR

INITIAL SETUP



Initializes proxy with:
`_logic`: Address of the implementation contract
`adminAddress`: Admin (e.g. ProxyAdmin contract)
`_data`: Optional initialization data

Ensures `_logic` is a contract and both addresses are non-zero

FUNCTIONS



CORE FUNCTIONS (ADMIN-ONLY)

- Inherits OpenZeppelin's battle tested `TransparentUpgradableProxy`

Executive Summary

According to our assessment, the customer's solidity smart contract is **Well-Secured**.

Well Secured	✓
Secured	
Poor Secured	
Insecure	

Automated checks are with remix IDE. All issues were performed by the team, which included the analysis of code functionality, manual audit found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the audit overview section. The general overview is presented in the Project Information section and all issues found are located in the audit overview section.

Team found 0 critical, 0 high, 0 medium, 0 low, 0 very low-level issues and 2 notes in all solidity files of the contract

The files:

TransparentProxy.sol

Audit Score:

100% secure



File and Function Level Report

File in Scope:

Contract Name	SHA 256 hash	Contract Address
TransparentProxy.sol	2bdb08cc2b1a856e46be46fa3edbcc91c24c0842	

- Contract: TransparentProxy
- Inherit: TransparentUpgradeableProxy, IProxy
- Observation: All passed including security check
- Test Report: passed
- Score: passed
- Conclusion: passed

Function	Test Result	Type / Return Type	Score
admin	✓	Read / public	Passed
getImplementationSlot	✓	Read / public	Passed
getAdminSlot	✓	Read / public	Passed
implementation	✓	Read / public	Passed
upgradeToAndCall	✓	Write / payable	Passed
upgradeTo	✓	Write / public	Passed
changeAdmin	✓	Write / public	Passed

Issues Checking Status

SWC Attack Analysis

The Smart Contract Weakness Classification Registry (SWC Registry) is an implementation of the weakness classification scheme proposed in EIP-1470. It is loosely aligned to the terminologies and structure used in the Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) for more info check

<https://swcregistry.io/>

No.	Issue Description	Checking Status
136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed
135	Code With No Effects	Passed
134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed
133	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed
132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed
131	Presence of unused variables	Passed
130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed
129	Typographical Error	Passed
128	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed
127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed
126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed
125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed
124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed
123	Requirement Violation	Passed
122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed
121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed
120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Passed
119	Shadowing State Variables	Passed

118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed
117	Signature Malleability	Passed
116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed
115	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed
114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed
113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed
112	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	Passed
111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed
110	Assert Violation	Passed
109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed
108	State Variable Default Visibility	Passed
107	Reentrancy	Passed
106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed
105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed
104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed
103	Floating Pragma	Not Passed
102	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed
101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
100	Function Default Visibility	Passed

Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to tokens loss etc.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to tokens lose
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution
Note	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

Audit Findings

Critical:

No Critical severity vulnerabilities were found.

High:

No High severity vulnerabilities were found.

Medium:

No Medium severity vulnerabilities were found.

Low:

No Low severity vulnerabilities were found.

Very Low:

No Very Low severity vulnerabilities were found.

Notes:

#No Access Logging

Description

Admin view functions like `implementation()` or `admin()` could be logged for auditing.

Recommendation

Consider emitting logs or access metrics depending on your monitoring requirements.

P.S: useful in large systems.

#Pragam version not fixed

Description

It is a good practice to lock the solidity version for a live deployment (use 0.8.28 instead of ^0.8.28). contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested the most with. Locking the pragma helps ensure that contracts do not accidentally get deployed using, for example, the latest compiler which may have higher risks of undiscovered bugs. Contracts may also be deployed by others and the pragma indicates the compiler version intended by the original authors. And avoid Solidity compiler Bugs check here

<https://sepolia.etherscan.io/solcbuginfo>

Remediation

Remove the ^ sign to lock the pragma version.

Automatic Testing

1- SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS

The image shows two side-by-side panels of the Solidity Static Analysis tool. Both panels have a title bar 'SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS' and a 'Run' button. The left panel has a 'Select all' checkbox and an 'Autorun' checkbox. It contains two main sections: 'Security' and 'Gas & Economy'. The 'Security' section has a 'Select Security' checkbox and seven items, each with a checked checkbox and a description: 'Transaction origin: 'tx.origin' used', 'Check-effects-interaction: Potential reentrancy bugs', 'Inline assembly: Inline assembly used', 'Block timestamp: Can be influenced by miners', 'Low level calls: Should only be used by experienced devs', 'Block hash: Can be influenced by miners', and 'Selfdestruct: Contracts using destructed contract can be broken'. The 'Gas & Economy' section has a 'Select Gas & Economy' checkbox and five items, each with a checked checkbox and a description: 'Gas costs: Too high gas requirement of functions', 'This on local calls: Invocation of local functions via 'this'', 'Delete dynamic array: Use require/assert to ensure complete deletion', 'For loop over dynamic array: Iterations depend on dynamic array's size', and 'Ether transfer in loop: Transferring Ether in a for/while/do-while loop'. The right panel has a 'Select ERC' checkbox and one item with a checked checkbox and a description: 'ERC20: 'decimals' should be 'uint8''. It also has a 'Select Miscellaneous' checkbox and seven items, each with a checked checkbox and a description: 'Constant/View/Pure functions: Potentially constant/view/pure functions', 'Similar variable names: Variable names are too similar', 'No return: Function with 'returns' not returning', 'Guard conditions: Ensure appropriate use of require/assert', 'Result not used: The result of an operation not used', 'String length: Bytes length != String length', 'Delete from dynamic array: 'delete' leaves a gap in array', and 'Data truncated: Division on int/uint values truncates the result'.

SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS

☒ Select all ☒ Autorun **Run**

Security

☒ Select Security

- ☒ **Transaction origin:**
'tx.origin' used
- ☒ **Check-effects-interaction:**
Potential reentrancy bugs
- ☒ **Inline assembly:**
Inline assembly used
- ☒ **Block timestamp:**
Can be influenced by miners
- ☒ **Low level calls:**
Should only be used by experienced devs
- ☒ **Block hash:**
Can be influenced by miners
- ☒ **Selfdestruct:**
Contracts using destructed contract can be broken

Gas & Economy

☒ Select Gas & Economy

- ☒ **Gas costs:**
Too high gas requirement of functions
- ☒ **This on local calls:**
Invocation of local functions via 'this'
- ☒ **Delete dynamic array:**
Use require/assert to ensure complete deletion
- ☒ **For loop over dynamic array:**
Iterations depend on dynamic array's size
- ☒ **Ether transfer in loop:**
Transferring Ether in a for/while/do-while loop

SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS

ERC

☒ Select ERC

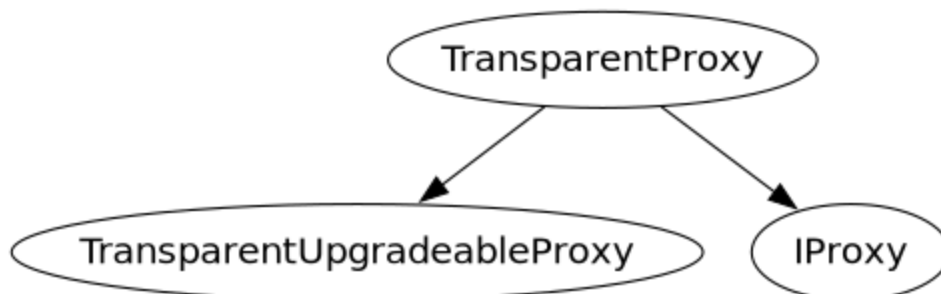
- ☒ **ERC20:**
'decimals' should be 'uint8'

Miscellaneous

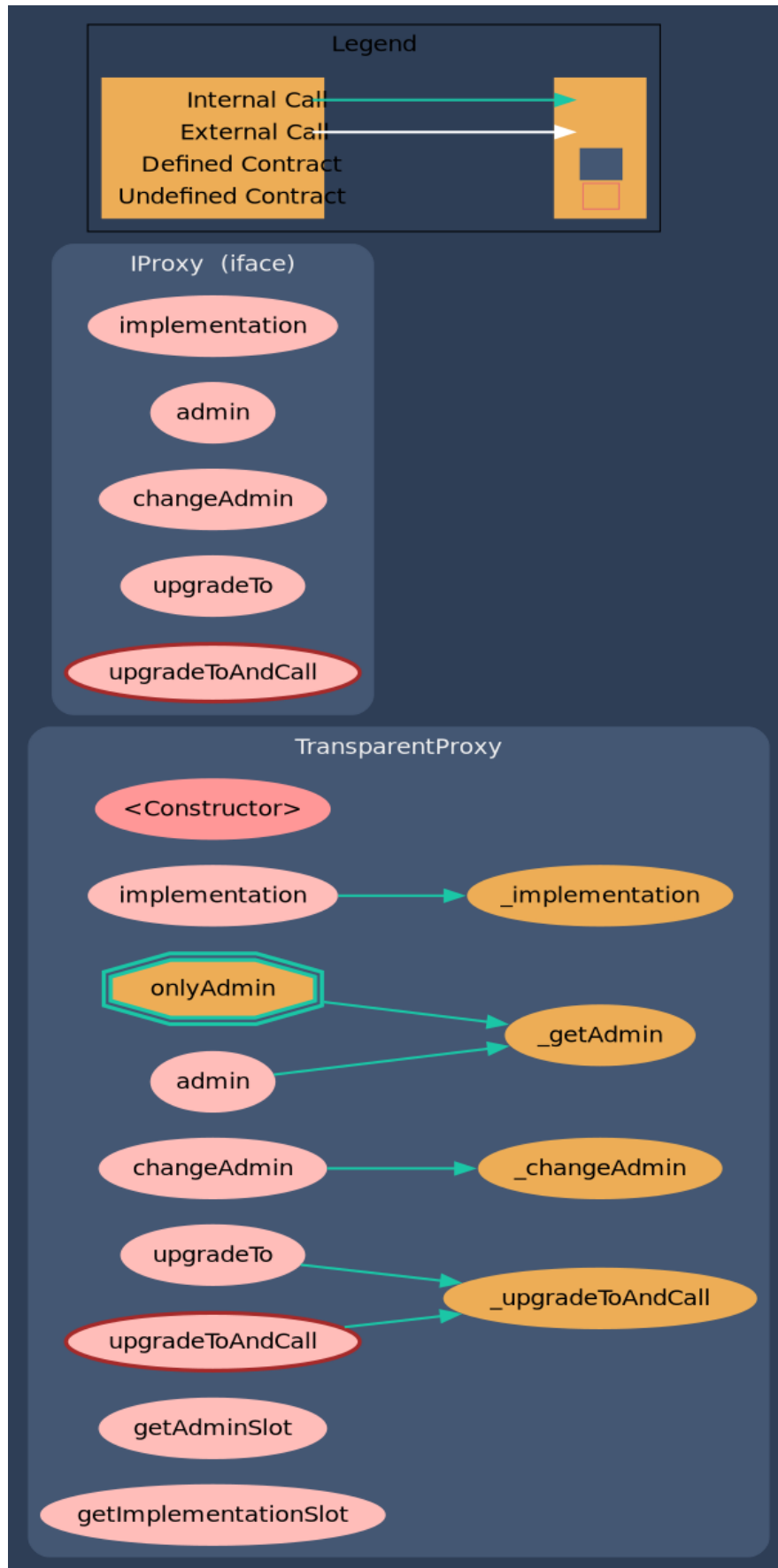
☒ Select Miscellaneous

- ☒ **Constant/View/Pure functions:**
Potentially constant/view/pure functions
- ☒ **Similar variable names:**
Variable names are too similar
- ☒ **No return:**
Function with 'returns' not returning
- ☒ **Guard conditions:**
Ensure appropriate use of require/assert
- ☒ **Result not used:**
The result of an operation not used
- ☒ **String length:**
Bytes length != String length
- ☒ **Delete from dynamic array:**
'delete' leaves a gap in array
- ☒ **Data truncated:**
Division on int/uint values truncates the result

2- Inheritance graph



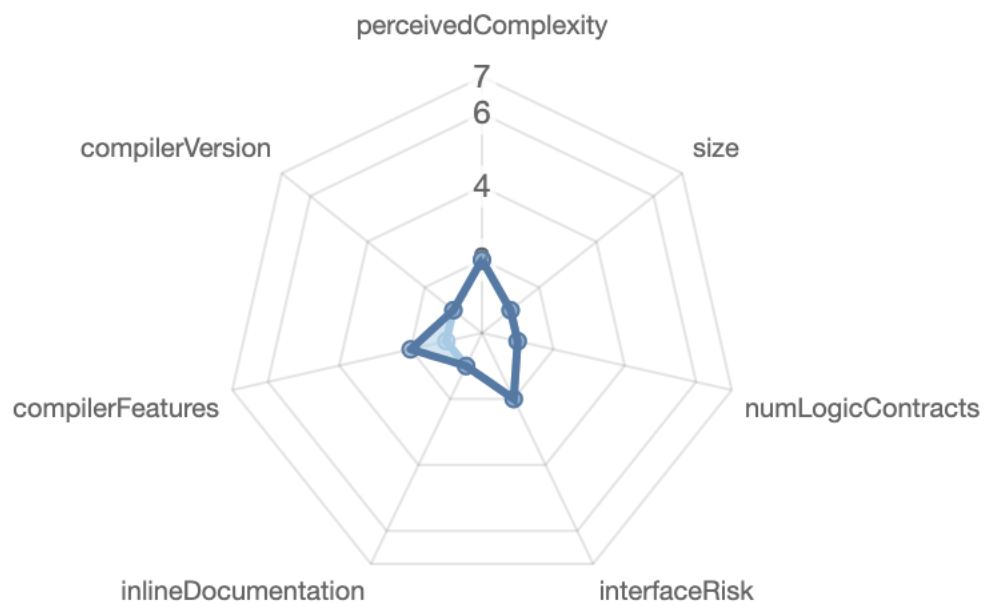
3- Call graph



Source lines



Risk level



Source units in scope

Source Units in Scope

Source Units Analyzed: 1
Source Units in Scope: 1 (100%)

Type	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/proxy/TransparentProxy.sol	1	_____	115	115	57	43	68	
	Totals	1	_____	115	115	57	43	68	

Legend: [-]

- **Lines:** total lines of the source unit
- **nLines:** normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
- **nSLOC:** normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
- **Comment Lines:** lines containing single or block comments
- **Complexity Score:** a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)

Capabilities

Components

 Contracts	 Libraries	 Interfaces	 Abstract
1	0	0	0

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

 Public	 Payable
7	1

External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
7	3	0	2	2

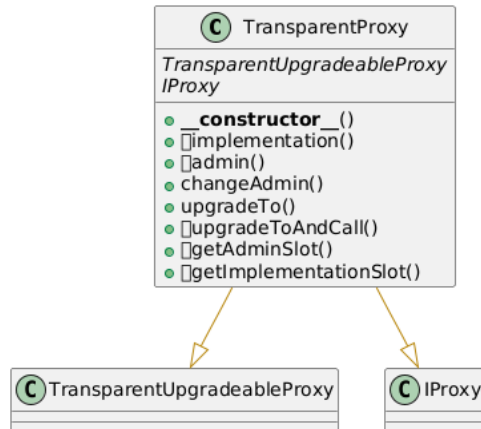
StateVariables

Total	 Public
0	0

Capabilities

Solidity Versions observed	 Experimental Features	 Can Receive Funds	 Uses Assembly	 Has Destroyable Contracts	
^0.8.28		yes	yes (3 asm blocks)		
 Transfers ETH	 Low-Level Calls	 DelegateCall	 Uses Hash Functions	 ERecover	 New/Create/Create2

Unified Modeling Language (UML)



Functions signature

Function Name	Sighash	Function Signature
implementation	5c60da1b	implementation()
admin	f851a440	admin()
changeAdmin	8f283970	changeAdmin(address)
upgradeTo	3659cfe6	upgradeTo(address)
upgradeToAndCall	4f1ef286	upgradeToAndCall(address,bytes)
getAdminSlot	9ad5c59a	getAdminSlot()
getImplementationSlot	7a34c821	getImplementationSlot()

Automatic general report

Files Description Table

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
/Users/macbook/Desktop/drt-pREWA/contracts/proxy/TransparentProxy.sol	2bdb08cc2b1a856e46be46fa3edbcca91c24c0842
/Users/macbook/Desktop/drt-pREWA/contracts/proxy/interfaces/IProxy.sol	36b989d4dcc83011c7a0d54ae2e8abfd07fa001e

Contracts Description Table

Contract	Type	Bases	
:-----: :-----: :-----: :-----:			
: :-----:			
L	**Function Name**	**Visibility**	**Mutability**
Modifiers			
**TransparentProxy	Implementation	TransparentUpgradeableProxy,	IProxy
L	<Constructor>	Public !	⊗
L	implementation	External !	onlyAdmin
L	admin	External !	onlyAdmin
L	changeAdmin	External !	⊗ onlyAdmin
L	upgradeTo	External !	⊗ onlyAdmin
L	upgradeToAndCall	External !	👛 onlyAdmin
L	getAdminSlot	External !	NO!
L	getImplementationSlot	External !	NO!
**IProxy	Interface		
L	implementation	External !	NO!
L	admin	External !	NO!
L	changeAdmin	External !	⊗ NO!
L	upgradeTo	External !	⊗ NO!
L	upgradeToAndCall	External !	👛 NO!

Legend

Symbol	Meaning
:-----: -----:	
	Function can modify state
	Function is payable

Conclusion

The contracts are written systematically. Team found no critical issues. So, it is good to go for production.

Since possible test cases can be unlimited and developer level documentation (code flow diagram with function level description) not provided, for such an extensive smart contract protocol, we provide no such guarantee of future outcomes. We have used all the latest static tools and manual observations to cover maximum possible test cases to scan Everything.

Security state of the reviewed contract is “Well Secured”.

- ✓ No volatile code.
- ✓ No high severity issues were found.

Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against the team on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how team produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. team go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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